SOROMAP PEINTURES VERNIS



SL2 LAQUE BICOMPOSANTE BASE - 2303171900

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: SL2 LAQUE BICOMPOSANTE BASE

Product code: 2303171900. UFI: CCU0-Q0D3-1005-7E2S

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

two-component polyurethane lacquer

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: SOROMAP PEINTURES VERNIS.

Address: 1, RUE MAURICE MALLET Z.I. DE BELIGON.17300.ROCHEFORT SUR MER.FRANCE.

Telephone: 05.46.88.36.10. Fax: 05.46.88.36.15.

contact@soromap.com www.soromap.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3, H226).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:





GHS02

GHS07

Signal Word: WARNING

Product identifiers:

EC 203-603-9 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DECANEDIOIC ACID,

BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINYL) ESTER AND DECANEDIOIC ACID, METHYL

1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINYL ESTER

REACTION MASS OF FATTY ACIDS, TALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE AND FATTY

ACIDS, C18-UNSATD., TRIMERS, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection/ ...

Precautionary statements - Response :

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents/container by approved organization

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition:

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 13463-67-7		[1]	$25 \le x \% < 50$
EC: 236-675-5			
REACH: 01-2119489379-17			
TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM			
CONTAINING 1% OR MORE OF PARTCLES			
WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER >=10µM			
CAS: 108-65-6	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
EC: 203-603-9	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	-,		
CAS: 108-65-6	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
EC: 203-603-9	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	,		
CAS: 123-86-4	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	$2.5 \le x \% < 10$
EC: 204-658-1	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
N-BUTYL ACETATE	EUH:066		
EC: 918-668-5	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08, GHS02		$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
REACH: 01-2119455851-35-xxxx	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
, ,	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	EUH:066		

CAS: 108-65-6	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 203-603-9	Wng	'	
REACH: 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE			
CAS: 21645-51-2		[1]	$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 244-492-7			
REACH: 01-2119529246-39			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE			
CAS: 77-99-6	GHS08	[2]	$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 201-074-9	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119486799-10	Repr. 2, H361fd		
TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE			
CAS: 71-36-3	GHS07, GHS05, GHS02	[1]	0 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 200-751-6	Dgr	L.1	0 1 K 70 12.5
REACH: 01-2119484630-38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
1000000	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
BUTAN-1-OL	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
BUTAIN-1-OE	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336		
REACH: 01-2119491304-40	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08	[2]	0 <= x % < 2.5
REACH: 01-2119491304-40	Wng		0 <- x /0 < 2.3
REACTION PRODUCTS WITH	Skin Sens. 1A, H317		
DECANEDIOIC ACID,	Repr. 2, H361f		
BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINY			
L) ESTER AND DECANEDIOIC ACID,	M Acute = 1		
METHYL			
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1		
1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINYL	M Chronic = 1		
ESTER	GHS07, GHS02	Г11	0 <= x % < 2.5
		[1]	$0 \le x $ $\% \le 2.3$
EC: 204-658-1	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336		
N-BUTYL ACETATE	5101 51 3, 11330		
REACH: 01-2120101675-63	GHS07, GHS08		$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
	Wng		
REACTION MASS OF FATTY ACIDS,	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
TALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
AND FATTY ACIDS, C18-UNSATD.,	Skin Sens. 1A, H317		
TRIMERS, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE	STOT RE 2, H373		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
CAS: 70657-70-4	GHS08, GHS02, GHS07	[1]	$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 274-724-2	Dgr	[2]	
REACH: 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
2-METHOXYPROPYL ACETATE	Repr. 1B, H360D		
INDEX: 607-251-00-0	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07	[1]	$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
CAS: 70657-70-4	Dgr		
EC: 274-724-2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
REACH: 01-2119475791-29	Repr. 1B, H360D		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
2-METHOXYPROPYL ACETATE			
CAS: 112-34-5	GHS07	[1]	$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 203-961-6	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119475104-44	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL			
2 (2 BOTOATETHOAT)ETHANOE			

Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 108-65-6		oral: ATE = 6190 mg/kg BW
EC: 203-603-9		
REACH: 01-2119475791-29		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE		
CAS: 123-86-4		dermal: ATE = 14112 mg/kg BW
EC: 204-658-1		oral: ATE = 10760 mg/kg BW
REACH: 01-2119485493-29		
N-BUTYL ACETATE		
EC: 918-668-5		oral: ATE = 3592 mg/kg BW
REACH: 01-2119455851-35-xxxx		
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS		
CAS: 77-99-6		inhalation: ATE = 0.85 mg/l
EC: 201-074-9		(dust/mist)
REACH: 01-2119486799-10		oral: ATE = 14700 mg/kg BW
TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE		
CAS: 71-36-3		inhalation: ATE = 17.76 mg/l
EC: 200-751-6		(vapours)
REACH: 01-2119484630-38		dermal: ATE = 3430 mg/kg BW
		oral: ATE = 2292 mg/kg BW
BUTAN-1-OL		

Information on ingredients:

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

- [1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.
- [2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always ground when decanting. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and make floors of non-conductive

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2022/431, 2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:
108-65-6	275	50	550	100	Peau
108-65-6	275	50	550	100	Peau
123-86-4	241	50	723	150	
108-65-6	275	50	550	100	Peau
123-86-4	241	50	723	150	
112-34-5	67.5	10	101.2	15	-

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022):

CAS	VME:	VME:	Excess	Notes
108-65-6		50 ppm		1(I)
		270 mg/m ³		
108-65-6		50 ppm		1(I)
		270 mg/m ³		
123-86-4		62 ppm		2 (I)
		300 mg/m ³		
108-65-6		50 ppm		1(I)
		270 mg/m ³		
71-36-3		100 ppm		1(I)
		310 mg/m^3		
123-86-4		62 ppm		2 (I)
		300 mg/m^3		
70657-70-4		5 ppm		2(I)
		28 mg/m^3		
70657-70-4		5 ppm		2(I)
		28 mg/m ³		
112-34-5		10 ppm		1.5 (I)
		67 mg/m^3		

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021) :

11001100 (11.1100 0		-0., -0, 0.	,	1-1-0-1).		
CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
13463-67-7	-	10	-	-	-	-
108-65-6	50	275	100	550	-	-
108-65-6	50	275	100	550	-	-
123-86-4	50	241	150	723	-	84
108-65-6	50	275	100	550	-	-
71-36-3	-	-	50	150	-	84
123-86-4	50	241	150	723	-	84
112-34-5	10	67.5	15	101.2	-	-

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
13463-67-7	4 mg/m ³				
108-65-6	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk	
	274 mg/m ³	548 mg/m ³			
108-65-6	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk	
	274 mg/m ³	548 mg/m ³			
123-86-4	150 ppm	200 ppm			
	724 mg/m ³	966 mg/m ³			
108-65-6	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk	
	274 mg/m ³	548 mg/m ³			
21645-51-2	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	TI

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71-36-3		50 ppm	Sk	
		154 mg/m ³		
123-86-4	150 ppm	200 ppm		
	724 mg/m ³	966 mg/m ³		
112-34-5	10 ppm	15 ppm		
	67.5 mg/m^3	101.2 mg/m ³		

Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL (CAS: 112-34-5)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 20 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 67.5 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 67.5 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 101.2 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers. Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1.25 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 10 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 34 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 34 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 50.6 mg of substance/m3

REACTION MASS OF FATTY ACIDS, TALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE AND FATTY ACIDS, C18-UNSATD., TRIMERS, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

0.43 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL:

0.75 mg of substance/m3

Final use:

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Final use:

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Final use:

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

DNEL:

BUTAN-1-OL (CAS: 71-36-3)

Consumers.

Ingestion.

Long term systemic effects. 0.11 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects. 0.21 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact.
Long term local effects.
0.0113 mg of substance/cm2

Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects. 0.37 mg of substance/m3

Workers.

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects. 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact.

Short term systemic effects. 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation.

Short term local effects. 600 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Long term local effects. 300 mg of substance/m3

Consumers.

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects. 6 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact.

Short term systemic effects. 6 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation.

Short term local effects. 300 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Long term local effects. 35.7 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Workers. Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 310 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 3.125 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 55 mg of substance/m3

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.94 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 3.3 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.
Potential health effects: Long term syst

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.34 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.34 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.58 mg of substance/m3

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 153.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 796 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 275 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 550 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers. Ingestion.

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 1.67 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 36 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 320 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects. DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Final use: Workers. Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 25 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 150 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers. Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. 11 mg/kg body weight/day DNEL:

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 32 mg of substance/m3

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Final use: Workers. Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects. Potential health effects: DNEL: 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 300 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation. Exposure method:

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 600 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 300 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 600 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 2 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.
DNEL: 2 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 6 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.
DNEL: 6 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 35.7 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 300 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 35.7 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 300 mg of substance/m3

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 153.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 275 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1.67 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 54.8 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6) Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Workers.

Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 796 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 275 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 550 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 36 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 320 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL (CAS: 112-34-5)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.4 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 4 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.4 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 200 mg/l

REACTION MASS OF FATTY ACIDS, TALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE AND FATTY ACIDS, C18-UNSATD.,

TRIMERS, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE

Environmental compartment: Air.

PNEC: 0.0973 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.194 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC: 0.0194 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.0903 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.18 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.018 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.36 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.981 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.0981 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 35.6 mg/l

BUTAN-1-OL (CAS: 71-36-3)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.015 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.082 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.0082 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 2.25 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.178 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.0178 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 2476 mg/l

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.241 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 10 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 3.505 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.351 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC: 0.0635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 6.35 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 3.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.329 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.0903 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.18 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.018 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.36 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.981 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.0981 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 35.6 mg/l

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.0635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 6.35 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 3.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.329 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC: 0.0635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 6.35 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 3.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.329 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):





Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state: Viscous liquid.

Colour

Unspecified

Odour

Odour threshold: Not stated.

Melting point

Melting point/melting range: Not specified.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range: Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: Not specified.

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%):

Not stated.

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%):

Not stated.

Flash point

Flash Point: 45.50 °C.

Auto-ignition temperature

Self-ignition temperature : Not specified.

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

pН

pH: Not relevant. pH (aqueous solution): Not stated.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

Solubility

Water solubility: Insoluble.
Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).

Density and/or relative density

Density: 1.35

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

9.2. Other information

VOC(g/l): 478.99

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity:

2-METHOXYPROPYL ACETATE (CAS: 70657-70-4)

Oral route: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Dermal route: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 > 2.46 mg/l

Species: Rabbit

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Oral route: LD50 > 10000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicityAcute Toxic Class Method)

Dermal route : LD50 > 14000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 > 21.1 mg/l

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

BUTAN-1-OL (CAS: 71-36-3)

Oral route: LD50 = 2292 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 = 3430 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 = 17.76 mg/l

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)

Oral route: LD50 = 14700 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : $LD50 \le 10000 \text{ mg/kg}$

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist): LC50 = 0.85 mg/l

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Oral route: LD50 = 3592 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 3160 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Oral route: LD50 = 10760 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicityAcute Toxic Class Method)

Dermal route : LD50 = 14112 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 > 21 mg/l

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Oral route: LD50 = 6190 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Oral route: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1% OR MORE OF PARTCLES WITH AERODYNAMIC

DIAMETER $\geq 10\mu M$] (CAS: 13463-67-7)

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)

 $Dermal \ route: LD50 > 10000 \ mg/kg$

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) : LC50 > 6.82 mg/l

Species: Rat

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Species : Rabbit

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Buehler Test: Non-sensitiser.

Species: Others

OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Buehler Test: Non-sensitiser.

Species: Others

OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GMPT): Non-sensitiser.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GMPT): Non-sensitiser.

OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

BUTAN-1-OL (CAS: 71-36-3)

Local lymph node stimulation test: Non-Sensitiser.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)

Local lymph node stimulation test: Non-Sensitiser.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1% OR MORE OF PARTCLES WITH AERODYNAMIC

DIAMETER $\geq 10\mu M$] (CAS: 13463-67-7)

Local lymph node stimulation test: Non-Sensitiser.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)

Germ cell mutagenicity:

BUTAN-1-OL (CAS: 71-36-3)

Mutagenesis (in vivo): Negative.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

With or without metabolic activation.

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Mutagenesis (in vivo): Negative.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

With or without metabolic activation.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1% OR MORE OF PARTCLES WITH AERODYNAMIC

DIAMETER $\ge 10\mu M$] (CAS: 13463-67-7)

Mutagenesis (in vivo):

OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)

No mutagenic effect.

Mutagenesis (in vitro): Negative.

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

No mutagenic effect.

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

With or without metabolic activation.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

No mutagenic effect.

Mutagenesis (in vitro): Negative.

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Carcinogenicity:

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6) Carcinogenicity Test: Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

Reproductive toxicant:

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)
Suspected of damaging fertility and the unborn child.

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4) No toxic effect for reproduction

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

No toxic effect for reproduction

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 13463-67-7: IARC Group 2B: The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 18 mg/l

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 44 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

NOEC = 23 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 675 mg/l

Species : Scenedesmus subspicatus Duration of exposure : 72 h

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 21645-51-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 10000 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 10000 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 140 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 1000 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 9.2 mg/l

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 3.2 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 2.75 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1% OR MORE OF PARTCLES WITH AERODYNAMIC

DIAMETER $\ge 10 \mu M$] (CAS: 13463-67-7)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 10000 mg/l

Species : Cyprinodon variegatus Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 100 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

BUTAN-1-OL (CAS: 71-36-3)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1376 mg/l

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 1328 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 225 mg/l

Species: Selenastrum capricornutum

Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC = 129 mg/l

Species: Scenedesmus capricornutum

Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1000 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 13000 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC > 1000 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 1000 mg/l

Species: Selenastrum capricornutum

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 18 mg/l

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 44 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 48 h

NOEC = 23 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 675 mg/l

Species : Scenedesmus quadricauda Duration of exposure : 72 h

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 100 mg/l

Species : Oryzias latipes Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

NOEC = 47.5 mg/l Species : Oryzias latipes Duration of exposure : 14 days

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 500 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Other guideline

NOEC > 100 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 1000 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 134 mg/l

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

NOEC = 47.5 mg/l Species : Oryzias latipes Duration of exposure : 14 days

OECD Guideline 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test: 14-day Study)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 408 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Other guideline

NOEC >= 100 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 14 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 1000 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

BUTAN-1-OL (CAS: 71-36-3)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE (CAS: 77-99-6)

Biodegradability: Non-rapidly degradable.

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 21645-51-2)

Biodegradability: Non-rapidly degradable.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3.1. Substances

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 2.3

OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC Method)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 1.2

OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC Method)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 1.2

Bioaccumulation: BCF < 100

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws):

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2021 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2022 [63]).

14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1263=PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



3

14.4. Packing group

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14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

	ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
		3	F1	III	3	30	5 L	163 367 650	E1	3	D/E
100 (450) 222151									-		

If Q <4501, see 2.2.3.1.5.1.

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.		Stowage Handling	Segregation
	3	-	III	5 L	F-E. S-E	163 223 367 955	E1	Category A	-

if Q < 450 1 see IMDG 2.3.2.5.

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	3	-	III	355	60 L	366	220 L	A3 A72 A192	E1

_									
Γ	3	_	III	V344	10 L	_	_	A3 A72 A192	F1

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

- Container information:

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Н336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOEC: The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

UFI : Unique formulation identifier.
STEL : Short-term exposure limit
TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02: Flame

GHS07: Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.