ANTIFOULING AF4 POUR EMBASE - TRANSLUCIDE - 310080



SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : ANTIFOULING AF4 POUR EMBASE - TRANSLUCIDE Product code : 310080.

UFI: SDM0-Q0FX-7002-NRVJ

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

N/A

PROFESSIONAL USE

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : SOROMAP PEINTURES VERNIS.

Address : 1, RUE MAURICE MALLET Z.I. DE BELIGON.17300.ROCHEFORT SUR MER.FRANCE.

Telephone : 05.46.88.36.10. Fax : 05.46.88.36.15. contact@soromap.com

www.soromap.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4 (Acute Tox. 4, H332).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B (Repr. 1B, H360D).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H335).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Chronic 1, H410).

2.2. Label elements

Biocidal mixture (see section 15).

Mixture for aerosol application.

Children shall be kept away until treated surfaces are dry.

Application, maintenance and repair activities shall be conducted within a contained area, on impermeable hard standing with bunding or on soil covered with an impermeable material

Any losses or waste containing 4,5-Dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one shall be collected for reuse or disposal.

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In compliance w	ith EC regulati	on No. 1272/2008	and its amendme	ents.
Hazard pictogr	ams :			
	\wedge	$\mathbf{\wedge}$		\wedge
J.	F			¥.
<u>C</u>	$\nabla \gamma$	· · ·		
CUEDO	CUEAS	CHICO7	CUGOO	
GHS02	GHS05	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Signal Word :				
DANGER				
Product identif EC 918-668-5		OCARBONS, C9	AROMATICS	
EC 232-475-7		N, COLOPHONY	,	
EC 203-631-1		OHEXANONE		
EC 236-671-3		THIONE ZINC		ALL OIL COMPRESSIVITU OF EVERAMINE AND FATTY
				ALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE AND FATTY IPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE
EC 264-843-8			CTYL-4-ISOTHIA	
Additional labe	ling :			
		Fe	or professional use	e only.
Hazard stateme	ents :			
H222		E	xtremely flammabl	le aerosol.
H229		P	ressurised containe	er: May burst if heated.
H315		C	auses skin irritatio	n.
H317		Μ	lay cause an allerg	ic skin reaction.
H318		C	auses serious eye o	damage.
H332		Н	armful if inhaled.	
H335		Μ	lay cause respirato	ory irritation.
H336		Μ	lay cause drowsine	ess or dizziness.
H360D		Μ	lay damage the un	born child.
H410		V	ery toxic to aquati	c life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary s	statements - Prev	vention :		
P210			eep away from hea noking.	at, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No
P211			-	open flame or other ignition source.
P251			o not pierce or but	
P280			-	ves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing
1200			rotection/	ves proceedive clouning eye proceedon face proceedon hearing
Precautionary s	statements - Resp	oonse :		
P310			nmediately call a F	POISON CENTER/doctor/
Precautionary s	statements - Stor	age :		
P410 + P412		P	rotect from sunligh	nt. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Precautionary s	statements - Disp	osal :		
P501		D	ispose of contents,	/container by approved organization
Other informat	ion :			
			ny losses or waste ollected for reuse o	containing 4,5-Dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one shall be or disposal.
		ar		nance and repair activities shall be conducted within a contained le hard standing with bunding or on soil covered with an al.
			-	pt away until treated surfaces are dry.
For professiona	al use only.			

- Made under licence of European Label System® MSDS software from InfoDyne - http://www.infodyne.fr -

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2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) $\geq 0.1\%$ published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
EC: 918-668-5	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08, GHS02		50 <= x % < 100
REACH: 01-2119455851-35-xxxx	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	EUH:066		
CAS: 115-10-6	GHS02	[1]	$25 \le x \% < 50$
EC: 204-065-8	Dgr	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119472128-37	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
DIMETHYL ETHER			
CAS: 8050-09-7	GHS07	[1]	$10 \le x \% < 25$
EC: 232-475-7	Wng	L-1	
REACH: 01-2119480418-32	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
ROSIN, COLOPHONY			
CAS: 108-94-1	GHS07, GHS05	[1]	$2.5 \le x \% \le 10$
EC: 203-631-1	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119453616-35	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
CYCLOHEXANONE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
CAS: 1330-20-7	GHS07, GHS08	С	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 215-535-7	Dgr	[1]	
REACH: 01-2119488216-32	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
XYLENE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT RE 2, H373		
INDEX: 601-023-00-4	GHS02, GHS07, GHS08	[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 100-41-4	Dgr		
EC: 202-849-4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
ETHYLBENZENE	STOT RE 2, H373		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		

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CAS: 13463-41-7	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09, GHS08	[2]	$1 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 236-671-3	Dgr		1 <- X /0 < 2.5
REACH: 01-2119511196-46	Acute Tox. 3, H301		
REACH. 01-2117511190-40	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
DVDITIHONE ZINC	Acute Tox. 2, H330		
PYRITHIONE ZINC			
	Repr. 1B, H360D		
	STOT RE 1, H372		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1000		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic $= 10$		
REACH: 01-2120101675-63	GHS07, GHS08		0.1 <= x % < 1
	Wng		
REACTION MASS OF FATTY ACIDS,	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
TALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
AND FATTY ACIDS, C18-UNSATD.,	Skin Sens. 1A, H317		
TRIMERS, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE	STOT RE 2, H373		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
CAS: 1330-20-7	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02	С	0.1 <= x % < 1
EC: 215-535-7	Dgr	[1]	
REACH: 01-2119488216-32	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
XYLENE	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
CAS: 64359-81-5	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09		$0.1 \le x \% \le 1$
EC: 264-843-8	Dgr		
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIAZOL	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
3-ONE	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Acute Tox. 2, H330		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	MAcute = 1		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 100		
CAS: 100-41-4	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02	[1]	$0 \ge x \% < 0.1$
EC: 202-849-4	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
ETHYLBENZENE	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT RE 2, H373		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
INDEX: 607-035-00-6	GHS02, GHS07	D	0 >= x % < 0.01
CAS: 80-62-6	Dgr	[1]	0 - A /0 - 0.01
EC: 201-297-1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119452498-28	STOT SE 3, H335		
KEAUI. 01-2117432470-20	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
METHYL METHACRYLATE	Skin Int. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317		
METHTE METHACKTLATE	SKIII SEIIS. 1, 1131/		

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CAS: 26530-20-1	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09	[1]	$0 \ge x \% < 0.0005$
EC: 247-761-7	Dgr		
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE	Acute Tox. 3, H311		
	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	Acute Tox. 3, H331		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute $= 10$		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic $= 10$		

Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
EC: 918-668-5		oral: ATE = 3592 mg/kg BW
REACH: 01-2119455851-35-xxxx		
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS		
CAS: 115-10-6		inhalation: ATE = 163991 mg/l 4h
EC: 204-065-8		(gas)
REACH: 01-2119472128-37		
DIMETHYL ETHER		
CAS: 8050-09-7		oral: ATE = 2800 mg/kg BW
EC: 232-475-7		
REACH: 01-2119480418-32		
ROSIN, COLOPHONY		
CAS: 13463-41-7		inhalation: $ATE = 0.14 \text{ mg/l } 4h$
EC: 236-671-3		(dust/mist)
REACH: 01-2119511196-46		oral: ATE = 221 mg/kg BW
NUDITINONE ZING		
PYRITHIONE ZINC		
CAS: 64359-81-5		inhalation: $ATE = 0.26 \text{ mg/l } 4h$
EC: 264-843-8		(dust/mist)
45 DICHLORO 2 NOCTVI A ROTHLAZOL		
4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIAZOL-		
3-ONE		
CAS: 26530-20-1	Skin Sens. 1: H317 C>= 0.05%	
EC: 247-761-7		
2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE		

Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Do not proceed with mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use the appropriate equipment.

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In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor. Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

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SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

Avoid exposure to pregnant women and warn women of child-bearing age of the possible risks

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected. Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions. In all cases, recover emissions at source.

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Avoid eye contact with this mixture at all times.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union (2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
115-10-6	1920	1000	-	-	-
108-94-1	40.8	10	81.6	20	Peau
1330-20-7	221	50	442	100	Peau
100-41-4	442	100	884	200	Peau
1330-20-7	221	50	442	100	Peau
100-41-4	442	100	884	200	Peau
80-62-6	-	50	-	100	-

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900), 08/08/2019) :	
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CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
115-10-6		1000 ppm		8(II)
		1900 mg/m ³		
108-94-1		20 ppm		1(I)
		80 mg/m ³		
1330-20-7		100 ppm		2(II)
		440 mg/m ³		
100-41-4		20 ppm		2(II)
		88 mg/m ³		
1330-20-7		100 ppm		2(II)
		440 mg/m ³		
100-41-4		20 ppm		2(II)
		88 mg/m ³		
80-62-6		50 ppm		2(I)
		210 mg/m ³		
26530-20-1		0.05 E mg/m ³		2(I)

- France (INRS - ED984 / 2020-1546) :

= 11 marce (11 marcs = 1)	LD70472020-15	+0).				
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
115-10-6	1000	1920	-	-	-	-
8050-09-7	-	0.1	-	-	-	65.66

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108-94-1	10	40.8	20	81.6	-	84
1330-20-7	50	221	100	442	*	4 Bis. 84. *
100-41-4	20	88.4	100	442	*	84
1330-20-7	50	221	100	442	*	4 Bis. 84. *
100-41-4	20	88.4	100	442	*	84
80-62-6	50	205	100	410	-	82

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
115-10-6	400 ppm	500 ppm			
	766 mg/m ³	958 mg/m ³			
8050-09-7	0.05 mg/m ³	0.15 mg/m ³		Sen	
108-94-1	10 ppm	20 ppm		Sk. BMGV	
	41 mg/m^3	82 mg/m ³			
1330-20-7	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk. BMGV	
	220 mg/m ³	441 mg/m ³			
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm		Sk	
	441 mg/m ³	552 mg/m ³			
1330-20-7	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk. BMGV	
	220 mg/m ³	441 mg/m ³			
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm		Sk	
	441 mg/m ³	552 mg/m ³			
80-62-6	50 ppm	100 ppm			
	208 mg/m ³	416 mg/m ³			

Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) **Final use:** Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL : Workers.

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 180 µg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Short term local effects. 293 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 77 mg of substance/m3

Consumers. Ingestion. Long term systemic effects. 1.6 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 15 mg of substance/m3

REACTION MASS OF FATTY ACIDS, TALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE AND FATTY ACIDS, C18-UNSATD., TRIMERS, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE

Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects:

Potential health effects DNEL :

Exposure method:

Workers.

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 0.43 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation.

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Potential health effects: DNEL :

Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment:

Long term systemic effects. 0.75 mg of substance/m3

Consumers. Ingestion. Long term systemic effects. 0.11 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 0.21 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact. Long term local effects. 0.0113 mg of substance/cm2

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 0.37 mg of substance/m3

Workers.

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 25 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 150 mg of substance/m3

Consumers. Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 32 mg of substance/m3

Soil. 2.68 mg/kg

Fresh water. 0.1 mg/l

Sea water. 0.01 mg/l

Intermittent waste water. 0.1 mg/l

Fresh water sediment.

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PNEC :	13.7 mg/kg
Environmental compartment: PNEC :	Waste water treatment plant. 9.6 mg/l
4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIA	AZOL-3-ONE (CAS: 64359-81-5)
Environmental compartment:	Soil.
PNEC :	0.062 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water.
PNEC :	0.034 µg/l
Environmental compartment:	Sea water.
PNEC :	0.0068 µg/l
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water sediment.
PNEC :	0.41 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Marine sediment.
PNEC :	0.0034 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Waste water treatment plant.
PNEC :	0.064 mg/l
XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)	
Environmental compartment:	Soil.
PNEC :	2.31 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water.
PNEC :	0.327 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Sea water.
PNEC :	0.327 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Intermittent waste water.
PNEC :	0.327 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water sediment.
PNEC :	12.46 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Marine sediment.
PNEC :	12.46 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Waste water treatment plant.
PNEC :	6.58 mg/l
REACTION MASS OF FATTY ACIDS. T	ALL-OIL, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINE AND FATTY ACIDS, C18-UNSATD.,
IMERS, COMPDS. WITH OLEYLAMINI	E
Environmental compartment:	Air.
PNEC :	0.0973 mg/l

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Fresh water. 0.194 mg/l

Environmental compartment:

Sea water.

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PNEC :	0.0194 mg/l
Environmental compartment: PNEC :	Waste water treatment 100 mg/l
PYRITHIONE ZINC (CAS: 13463-41-7) Environmental compartment: PNEC :	Fresh water. 0.00009 mg/l
Environmental compartment: PNEC :	Sea water. 0.00009 mg/l
Environmental compartment: PNEC :	Fresh water sediment. 0.0095 mg/kg
Environmental compartment: PNEC :	Marine sediment. 0.0095 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

plant.

Waste water treatment plant. 0.01 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

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	Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.
	After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.
-	Respiratory protection
	Avoid inhaling vapors.
	If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.
	When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.
	Type of FFP mask :
	Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.
	Category :
	- FFP1
	- FFP3
	Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :
	- A1 (Brown)
	- A3 (Brown)
	Particle filter according to standard EN143 :
	- P1 (White)
	- P3 (White)

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Physical state	
Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
Colour	
Unspecified	
Odour	
Odour threshold :	Not stated.
Melting point	
Melting point/melting range :	Not specified.
Freezing point	
Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	
Boiling point/boiling range :	Not specified.
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Flash point	
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Auto-ignition temperature	
Self-ignition temperature :	Not specified.
Decomposition temperature	
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not specified.
рН	
pH :	Not relevant.
pH (aqueous solution) :	Not stated.
Kinematic viscosity	
Viscosity :	Not stated.
Solubility	
Water solubility :	Insoluble.

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Fat solubility :	Not stated.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.
Vapour pressure	
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
Density and/or relative density	
Density :	0.923
Relative vapour density	
Vapour density :	Not stated.
9.2. Other information	
VOC (g/l) :	691.35
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
No data available.	
Aerosols	
Chemical combustion heat :	Not specified.
Inflammation time :	Not specified.
Deflagration density :	Not specified.
Inflammation distance :	Not specified.
Flame height :	Not specified.
Flame duration :	Not specified.
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics	
No data available	

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

- Avoid :
- heating
- heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Harmful by inhalation.

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May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

Respiratory tract irritation may occur, together with symptoms such as coughing, choking and breathing difficulties.

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

LC50 = 163991 ppmSpecies : Rat

LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Species : Rabbit

LD50 = 2800 mg/kg Species : Rat

LD50 > 2500 mg/kg Species : Rabbit

Duration of exposure : 4 h

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

Presumed human reproductive toxicant.

May damage the unborn child.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity :

4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-4-ISOTH	HIAZOL-3-ONE (CAS: 64359-81-5)
Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :	LC50 = 0.26 mg/l
	Species : Rat
	Duration of exposure : 4 h

DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6) Inhalation route (Gas) :

PYRITHIONE ZINC (CAS: 13463-41-7) Oral route :

LD50 = 221 mg/kg Species : Rat OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route :

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :

LC50 = 0.14 mg/l OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Duration of exposure : 4 h

ROSIN, COLOPHONY (CAS: 8050-09-7) Oral route :

Dermal route :

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS Oral route :

Dermal route :

LD50 = 3592 mg/kg Species : Rat OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

LD50 > 3160 mg/kg Species : Rabbit OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

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Germ cell mutagenicity :

PYRITHIONE ZINC (CAS: 13463-41-7)

Mutagenesis (in vivo) :

No mutagenic effect.

Negative. Species : Mouse OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Carcinogenicity :

PYRITHIONE ZINC (CAS: 13463-41-7) Carcinogenicity Test :

Negative. No carcinogenic effect.

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 80-62-6 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 100-41-4 : IARC Group 2B : The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 1330-20-7 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 100-41-4 : IARC Group 2B : The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 1330-20-7 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 108-94-1 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

ROSIN, COLOPHONY (CAS: 8050-09-7) Crustacean toxicity :

EC50 = 10.7 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity :

ECr50 = 400 mg/l

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (CAS: 26530-20-1) Fish toxicity : LC50

LC50 = 0.047 mg/l Factor M = 10 Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

NOEC = 0.022 mg/lFactor M = 1 Duration of exposure : 21 days

Crustacean toxicity :

EC50 = 0.32 mg/l Factor M = 1 Duration of exposure : 48 h OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC = 0.0016 mg/lFactor M = 10

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	Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 0.084 mg/l Factor M = 10 Duration of exposure : 72 h OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 4.2 mg/l Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 2.2 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 24 h
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 3.6 mg/l Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Duration of exposure : 72 h
XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7) Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 2.6 mg/l Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 2.8 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 24 h OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 4.36 mg/l Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Duration of exposure : 72 h OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
	NOEC = 0.44 mg/l Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Duration of exposure : 72 h OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
PYRITHIONE ZINC (CAS: 13463-41-7) Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 0.0026 mg/l Factor M = 100 Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 0.0082 mg/l Factor M = 100 Duration of exposure : 48 h
	NOEC = 0.00046 mg/l Factor M = 10

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Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 0.00088 mg/l Factor M = 1000 Duration of exposure : 72 h
DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6) Fish toxicity :	LC50 > 1000 mg/l Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 > 4400 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 9.2 mg/l Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 3.2 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 2.75 mg/l Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Duration of exposure : 72 h
4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIAZOL-3 Fish toxicity :	3-ONE (CAS: 64359-81-5) LC50 = 0.0027 mg/l Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
	NOEC = 0.00056 mg/l Factor M = 100 Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 0.0057 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h
	NOEC = 0.00063 mg/l Factor M = 100 Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 0.048 mg/l Species : Raphidocelis subcapitata Duration of exposure : 72 h OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

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12.2. Persistence and degradability 12.2.1. Substances	
2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (CAS: 265: Biodegradability :	30-20-1) Non-rapidly degradable.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIAZOL-3 Biodegradability :	3-ONE (CAS: 64359-81-5) Non-rapidly degradable.
XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7) Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.
PYRITHIONE ZINC (CAS: 13463-41-7) Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
ROSIN, COLOPHONY (CAS: 8050-09-7) Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.
DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6) Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
12.3.1. Substances ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Octanol/water partition coefficient :	log Koe = 3.15
Bioaccumulation :	BCF = 15
XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7) Octanol/water partition coefficient :	3 <= log Koe < 4.
DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6) Octanol/water partition coefficient :	log Koe = 0.1
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No data available. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
No data available.	
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	
No data available.	
12.7. Other adverse effects	
No data available.	hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws) :
WGK 3 : Extremely hazardous for water.	

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SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2021 - IMDG 2020 - ICAO/IATA 2021).

14.1. UN number or ID number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



2.1

14.4. Packing group

-14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344	EO	2	D
							625			
									•	_
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation	
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	EO	- SW1 SW22	SG69	
	1							I		-
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.		Passager		Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	EO	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

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For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG. Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(pyrithione zinc)

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2021/643 (ATP 16)

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2021/849 (ATP 17)

- Container information:

No data available.

Usage restrictions apply to the product : See annex XVII of EC regulation No. 1907/2006.

For professional users only.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- Labelling for biocidal products (Regulation (UE) n° 528/2012) :

Name	CAS	%		Product-type
4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIAZOL-	64359-81-5	1.57	g/kg	21
3-ONE				
PYRITHIONE ZINC	13463-41-7	9.97	g/kg	21

Product-type 21 : Antifouling products.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws) : WGK 3 : Extremely hazardous for water.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.

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H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations :

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

- EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.
- ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOEC : The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW : Body Weight

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC : Predicted No-Effect Concentration

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

UFI : Unique formulation identifier.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS05 : Corrosion

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS08 : Health hazard

GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.