

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: CONVERTISSEUR DE ROUILLE

Product code: 4701041600. UFI: A7T0-40DX-100Q-NYGX

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

N/A

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: SOROMAP PEINTURES VERNIS.

Address: 1, RUE MAURICE MALLET Z.I. DE BELIGON.17300.ROCHEFORT SUR MER.FRANCE.

Telephone: 05.46.88.36.10. Fax: 05.46.88.36.15.

contact@soromap.com www.soromap.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

# **SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

### 2.2. Label elements

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS07

Signal Word : WARNING

Additional labeling:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection/ ...

Precautionary statements - Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### **Composition:**

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1 1 1
CAS: 111-76-2	GHS07	[1]	$10 \le x \% \le 25$
EC: 203-905-0	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119475108-36-xxxx	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
INDEX: 613-088-00-6	GHS05, GHS07, GHS09		$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
CAS: 2634-33-5	Dgr		
EC: 220-120-9	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1		

## **Specific concentration limits:**

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 111-76-2	Specific concentration minus	inhalation: ATE = 11 mg/l 4h
EC: 203-905-0		(vapours)
REACH: 01-2119475108-36-xxxx		oral: ATE = 1200 mg/kg BW
2-BUTOXYETHANOL		
INDEX: 613-088-00-6	Skin Sens. 1: H317 C>= 0.05%	
CAS: 2634-33-5		
EC: 220-120-9		
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE		

### **Information on ingredients:**

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

### 4.1. description of first aid measures

### In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

## In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

#### In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If the ground is contaminated, once the product has been recovered by sponging with an inert and non-combustible absorbent material, wash the contaminated area in plenty of water.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

# Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2022/431, 2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:
111-76-2	98	20	246	50	Peau

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022):

Commany 110	on (Dilair lite	35 700, 02,2022).		
CAS	VME:	VME:	Excess	Notes
111-76-2		10 ppm		2(I)
		$49 \text{ mg/m}^3$		

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021) :

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
111-76-2	10	49	50	246	*	84

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
111-76-2	25 ppm	50 ppm		Sk. BMGV	
	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

### Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 125 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.
DNEL: 89 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 98 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1091 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 246 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers. Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 6.3 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 26.7 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 38 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.
DNEL: 89 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 59 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 426 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects. DNEL: 147 mg of substance/m3

## **Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):**

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 2.33 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 8.8 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.88 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 9.1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 34.6 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 3.46 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 463 mg/l

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

#### - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Natural latex
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

#### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Suitable type of protective boots :

Density:

In the event of minor spatter, wear protective boots or half-boots against chemical risks in accordance with standard EN13832-2.

In the event of prolonged contact, wear boots or half-boots with liquid-chemical-resistant and waterproof soles and uppers in accordance with standard EN13832-3.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

### SI

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Physical state	
Physical state:	Fluid liquid.
Colour	
Unspecified	
Odour	
Odour threshold:	Not stated.
Melting point	
Melting point/melting range:	Not specified.
Freezing point	
Freezing point / Freezing range:	Not stated.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	
Boiling point/boiling range:	Not specified.
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not stated.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%):	Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%):	Not stated.
Flash point	
Flash Point:	67.00 °C.
Auto-ignition temperature	
Self-ignition temperature :	Not specified.
Decomposition temperature	
Decomposition point/decomposition range:	Not specified.
pH	
pH:	Not stated.
	Slightly acidic.
pH (aqueous solution):	Not stated.
Kinematic viscosity	
Viscosity:	Not stated.
Solubility	
Water solubility:	Partially soluble.
Fat solubility:	Not stated.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not stated.
Vapour pressure	
Vapour pressure (50°C):	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
Density and/or relative density	

1.05

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/l): 105.00

### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- frost

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

#### 11.1.1. Substances

# Acute toxicity:

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Oral route: LD50 = 1200 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 = 11 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 4 h

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

REACH Method B.5 (Acute Toxicity: Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GMPT): Non-sensitiser.

Species: Others

Germ cell mutagenicity:

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

No mutagenic effect.

Mutagenesis (in vivo): Negative.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Mutagenesis (in vitro): Negative.

Species: Bacteria

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Carcinogenicity:

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Carcinogenicity Test: Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

OECD Guideline 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)

Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Oral route: C < 69 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Rat

Duration of exposure: 90 days

OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

Dermal route : C = 150 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Rabbit

Duration of exposure: 90 days

OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

11.1.2. Mixture

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 1401-55-4: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. CAS 111-76-2: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1474 mg/l

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss

Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

NOEC > 100 mg/l

Species: Brachydanio rerio Duration of exposure: 21 days

OECD Guideline 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test: 14-day Study)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 1550 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC = 100 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 1840 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC = 286 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

#### **12.1.2.** Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.2.1. Substances

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

## 12.3.1. Substances

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 0.45

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws):

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

-

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

-

#### 14.4. Packing group

\_

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

-

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

-

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

#### - Container information:

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

# - Particular provisions :

No data available.

# $\hbox{-} German \ regulations \ concerning \ the \ classification \ of \ hazards \ for \ water \ (WGK, AwSV \ Annex \ I, KBws):$

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

### **Abbreviations:**

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOEC: The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

UFI: Unique formulation identifier.

STEL: Short-term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Averages

TMP: French Occupational Illness table TLV: Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS07: Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.